

- Rated voltage 3V DC
- 650-3000 F capacitance
- High cycle life of 1million cycles
- Very high power density
- Laser weldable terminals
- Green and Environment protection



### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Type	C60W-3R0-3400
Rated Voltage $V_R$	3.00 V
Surge Voltage $V_S^1$	3.10 V
Rated Capacitance $C^2$	3400 F
Capacitance Tolerance $^3$	-0% / +20 %
DC ESR $^2$	≤0.28 mΩ
Leakage Current $I_L^4$	< 12 mA
Self-discharge Rate $^5$	<20 %
Constant Current $I_{MCC} (\Delta T = 15^\circ C)^6$	131 A
Max Current $I_{Max}^7$	2.6 kA
Short Current $I_S^8$	10.7 kA
Stored Energy $E^9$	4.25 Wh
Energy Density $E_d^{10}$	9.3 Wh/kg
Usable Power Density $P_d^{11}$	8.4 kW/kg
Impedance Match Power Density $P_{dMax}^{12}$	17.5 kW/kg

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Type	C60W-3R0-3400
Working Temperature	-40 ~ 65 °C
Storage Temperature $^{13}$	-40 ~ 70 °C
Thermal Resistance $R_{Th}^{14}$	3.14 K/W
Thermal Capacitance $C_{th}^{15}$	565 J/K

### LIFETIME CHARACTERISTICS

Type	C60W-3R0-3400
DC Life at High Temperature $^{16}$	1500 hours
DC Life at RT $^{17}$	10 years
Cycle Life $^{18}$	1'000'000 cycles
Shelf Life $^{19}$	4 years

**SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

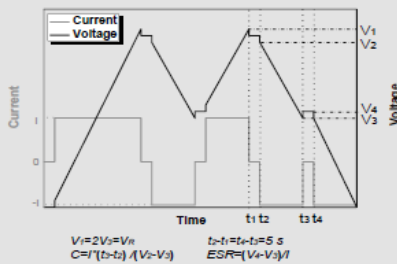
Type	C60W-3R0-3400
Safety	RoHS, REACH and UL810
Vibration	ISO 16750-3 (Table 14)
Shock	SAE J2464

**PHYSICAL PARAMETERS**

Type	C60W-3R0-3400
Mass, typical M	490 g
Terminals <sup>20</sup>	weldable
Dimensions <sup>21</sup>	
Height L	138 mm
Diameter	60 mm

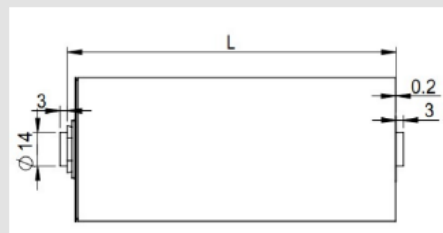
**NOTES**

- Surge voltage  $V_S$ : Absolute maximum voltage, non-repetitive. The duration must not exceed 1 second.
- Capacitance C: The test current is 0.12 A/F, if the calculated current is > 100 A, then apply 100 A.



- Capacitance tolerance: Typical tolerance is 5%.
- Leakage current measurement procedure: 1) Charge the capacitor to the  $V_R$  with a constant current (0.12 A/F, if the calculated current is > 100 A, then apply 100 A). 2) Hold the voltage at  $V_R$  for 72 h. 3) The current to maintain  $V_R$  after 72 h is the leakage current.
- Self-discharge rate measurement procedure: 1) Charge the capacitor to  $V_R$  with a constant current (0.075 A/F, if the calculated current > 100 A, then apply 100 A). 2) Hold the voltage at  $V_R$  for 3 h. 3) Floating for 72 h. 4) Measure the voltage after 72 h.
- Max constant working current:  $I_{MCC} = \sqrt{\Delta T / (ESR * R_{Th})}$
- Max current:  $I_{Max} = 0.5C * V_R / (\Delta t + ESR * C)$ , discharge from  $V_R$  to  $V_R / 2$  in 1 second.
- Short current:  $I_s = V_R / ESR$
- Stored energy:  $E = 0.5C * V^2 / 3600$
- Energy density:  $E_d = E / M$
- Usable power density:  $P_d = 0.125V_R^2 / (ESR * M)$
- Impedance match power density:  $P_{dMax} = 0.25V_R^2 / (ESR * m)$
- Storage temperature: Storage in discharge state

- Thermal resistance:  $R_{Th} = 1 / (h * A)$ , where  $h = 10 W / (m^2 * K)$ ,  $A$  = surface area
- Thermal capacitance: For the whole capacitor
- DC life at high temperature: Hold the capacitor charged at rated voltage at 65°C for 1500h. The capacitance shall be > 80% of the rated value, the ESR shall be < 200% of the rated value.
- DC life at RT: Hold the capacitor charged at rated voltage at room temperature RT, the capacitance shall be > 80% of the rated value, the ESR shall be < 200% of the rated value.
- Cycle life: Charge and discharged the capacitor in the range between  $V_R$  and  $V_R / 2$ . 5 seconds waiting period between charge and discharge. The constant test current is 0.12 A/F (if the calculated current > 100 A, then apply 100 A).
- Shelf life: Discharged and no load applied.
- Threaded connection:  $\Phi 14 \text{ mm} * 3 \text{ mm}$ , and the welding depth should be larger than 1.8 mm.
- Dimensions:



- Notes:
- Standard markings:
    - + Name of manufacturer, part number, serial number
    - + Rated voltage and capacitance, negative and positive terminals, warning marking
    - + Stored energy in watt-hours
  - Mounting recommendations:
    - + Mounting without applying undue mechanical stress on the terminals
    - + Provide adequate spacing in between cells to secure required insulation strength
    - + Provide clearance around the safety vent and do not position anything above the safety vent that may be damaged in an event of vent rupture
- The contents of this document are subject to change without notice.